

Pillar 3 – Capital Adequacy and Risk Disclosures

Quarterly Update as at 30 June 2024

Introduction

Rabobank Australia Limited (“the Bank”) is an Authorised Deposit-taking Institution (“ADI”) subject to regulation by the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority (“APRA”) under the authority of the Banking Act 1959.

In accordance with the Australian Prudential Standard 330 (“APS 330”), financial institutions are required to disclose prudential information. A subset of this information is disclosed quarterly.

Verification of the Disclosure

This Pillar 3 Disclosure (“the Disclosure”) document is unaudited. However, it has been verified in accordance with the Board approved Prudential Disclosure policy.

Implementation of revised regulatory capital framework

From 1 January 2023, APRA’s new bank capital framework came into effect and is designed to embed “unquestionably strong” levels of capital and align Australian standards with the internationally agreed Basel III requirements. The new framework will help to ensure ADIs continue to have the financial strength to withstand future adverse economic conditions, ensuring depositors are protected and lending is supported. The new framework has resulted in changes to the calculation and presentation of capital ratio.

Scope of Application

The Bank is a Level 1 entity for regulatory (“APRA”) reporting purposes. The Bank is a solo entity, therefore does not have any subsidiaries, Level 2 entities.

Level 1	Standalone basis (“Solo”)
Level 2	The consolidation of the Bank and all its subsidiary entities other than non-consolidated subsidiaries (“Consolidated”)

Context

The Bank currently remains on the Standardised Approach for Credit, Market and Operational risk for APRA regulatory reporting.

Nature of Business

The Bank continues to focus on the provision of flexible, competitively priced, secured loans to the rural sector in Australia and the raising of retail deposit. The Bank continues to provide online deposit product to retail clients through its Rabobank Online Savings division.

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Bank during the financial year.

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Table 3: Capital Adequacy (Risk Weighted Equivalent)		
	30 June 2024	31 March 2024
Credit Risk Subject to Standardised approach	AUD mln	AUD mln
Corporate*	21,371.5	20,191.3
Government	–	–
Bank	268.4	249.1
Residential mortgage	191.7	175.7
Other retail	60.7	57.3
Other	26.8	22.7
Total capital requirement subject to standardised approach	21,919.2	20,696.1
Credit risk capital requirement relating to securitisation exposures	–	–
Market risk minimum capital requirement	–	–
Operational risk minimum capital requirement	777.2	777.2
Total RWA and capital requirement	22,696.4	21,473.3
Capital ratios (%)		
Common Equity Tier 1 capital Ratio	13.95%	14.65%
Tier 1 Capital Ratio	13.95%	14.65%
Total Capital Ratio	14.13%	14.83%

* Note: Corporate includes corporate and private sector counterparties.

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Table 4: Credit risk				
Exposure Type	30 June 2024		31 March 2024	
	Gross credit exposure	Average gross credit exposure	Gross credit exposure	Average gross credit exposure
	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln
Cash and liquid assets	1,236.9	1,200.1	1,163.3	1,119.0
Debt securities	1,574.4	1,515.8	1,457.3	1,547.9
Due from related entities	17.7	13.9	10.2	13.2
Loans and advances	22,487.2	21,521.1	20,555.0	20,182.6
Derivatives*	224.5	219.3	214.0	232.8
Contingent liabilities, commitments, and other off-balance sheet exposures*	1,864.5	2,101.1	2,337.9	2,495.3
Other assets	173.4	195.5	217.5	196.2
Total exposures	25,578.6	26,766.8	25,955.2	25,787.0

Portfolios subject to standardised approach	Gross credit exposure	Average gross credit exposure	Gross credit exposure	Average gross credit exposure
	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln
Corporate**	24,278.3	23,578.4	22,878.5	22,653.0
Sovereign	2,261.4	2,187.5	2,113.7	2,161.5
Bank	758.6	732.4	706.3	711.8
Residential Mortgage	191.3	183.3	175.3	180.5
Other retail	60.6	58.9	57.2	55.2
Other	28.4	26.3	24.2	25.0
Total exposures	27,578.6	26,766.8	25,955.2	25,787.0

* Note: Derivatives and off-balance sheet exposures represent the credit equivalent amount of the Bank's off-balance sheet exposures calculated in accordance with APS112 and APS180.

** Note: Corporate includes corporate and private sector counterparties

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Table 4: Credit risk (continued)				
Portfolios subject to Standardised approach as at 30 June 2024	Non-performing exposure	Specific provision balance	Charges for specific provision	Write-offs
	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln
Corporate*	725.0	45.1	8.5	2.8
Government	–	–	–	–
Bank	–	–	–	–
Residential Mortgage	1.0	–	–	–
Other retail	–	–	–	–
Other	–	–	–	–
Total	726.0	45.1	8.5	2.8

Portfolios subject to Standardised approach as at March 2024	Non-performing exposure	Specific provision balance	Charges for specific provision	Write-offs
	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln
Corporate*	736.5	39.4	6.8	–
Government	–	–	–	–
Bank	–	–	–	–
Residential Mortgage	1.0	–	–	–
Other retail	–	–	–	–
Other	–	–	–	–
Total	737.5	39.4	6.8	–

Balance	30 June 2024	31 March 2024
	AUD mln	AUD mln
Provisions held against performing exposures that represent a purely forward-looking amount for future losses that are presently unidentified**	39.8	37.2

* Note: Corporate includes corporate and private sector counterparties.

** Collective provision raised under the accounting standard for stage 1 and stage 2. These represent a purely forward-looking amount for future losses that are presently unidentified for performing loans

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Table 5: Securitisation Exposures

No securitisation or resecuritisation activity was undertaken during the 31 March 2024 or 30 June 2024 quarters.

Securitisation Exposure – Underlying asset type	30 June 2024		31 March 2024	
	Total Exposures Securitized	Recognised Gain or (Loss) on sale	Total Exposures Securitized	Recognised Gain or (Loss) on sale
	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln
Housing Loans	–	–	–	–
Commercial Loans	–	–	–	–
Credit Cards and other Personal Loans	–	–	–	–
Auto and Equipment Finance	–	–	–	–
Other	–	–	–	–
Total	–	–	–	–

Securitisation Exposure – Securitisation facility type	30 June 2024			31 March 2024		
	On-Balance Sheet Securitisation Retained	On-Balance Sheet Securitisation Purchased	Off-Balance Sheet Securitisation Exposure	On-Balance Sheet Securitisation Retained	On-Balance Sheet Securitisation Purchased	Off-Balance Sheet Securitisation Exposure
	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln
Securities	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquidity support facilities	–	–	–	–	–	–
Funding facilities	–	–	–	–	–	–
Warehouse facilities	–	–	–	–	–	–
Lending facilities	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other commitments and credit enhancements	–	–	–	–	–	–
Derivative transactions	–	–	–	–	–	–
Underwriting facilities	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total	–	–	–	–	–	–

Attachment F

The Bank manages its liquidity coverage ratio ("LCR") position on a daily basis according to the Board's risk appetite and includes a buffer above the minimum regulatory requirement. The Bank has centralised its liquidity management function, into the Bank's Treasury department, which manages, co-ordinates and executes all the liquidity and funding needs of the Bank.

The Bank's average LCR for the quarter increased to 132% compared to 130% for the quarter ended 31 March 2024, which continues to be above the regulatory minimum of 100%. The ratio compared to the quarter ended 31 March 2024 was mainly impacted by a decrease in net cash outflows, offset by a decrease in holdings of liquid assets. The intra-period movements of the LCR are forecast and monitored on a daily basis, and were within the normal operating ranges of the Banks' liquidity management activity.

The Bank maintains a diverse mix of liquid assets consisting of cash with the Reserve Bank of Australia ("RBA"), Australian Semi-Government and Commonwealth Government securities. The decrease in liquid assets is mainly driven by a decrease of Government securities held during the quarter, partially offset by higher cash balances with the RBA.

The LCR net cash outflow ("NCO") represents potential cash outflows from on and off balance sheet activities within a 30 day liquidity stress scenario, after applying APRA prescribed run-off factors to maturing debt and deposits, and inflow factors to assets. As part of its overall liquidity management strategy the Bank manages its balance sheet in a manner that aims to manage NCOs within the Board's risk appetite. Average NCO's decreased over the quarter, mainly driven by an overall increase in inflows from cash at other banks during the quarter. The average cash outflow for the quarter remained relatively unchanged compared to prior quarter.

The Bank has a diversified funding base aimed at reducing concentrations on funding source, tenor, and outflow risk. RBAL is primarily funded with stable customer deposits, and actively managed intercompany funding from Cooperatieve Rabobank U.A. ("the Parent").

In addition, the Bank has in place a \$525m Committed Liquidity Facility with the Parent to boost the Bank's access to liquidity, if needed.

There are very limited foreign currency transactions in the Bank, and interest rate derivatives are used to hedge interest rate risk residing in the Bank.

APS330 Table 20: Liquidity Coverage Ratio Disclosure

		30 June 2024		31 March 2024	
Liquid Assets, of which		Total unweighted value (average)* AUD mln	Total weighted value (average)** AUD mln	Total unweighted value (average)* AUD mln	Total weighted value (average)** AUD mln
1	High Quality liquid assets (HQLA)		2,142		2,163
2	Alternative liquid assets (ALA)		-		-
3	Reserve bank of New Zealand (RBNZ) securities		-		-
Cash Outflows					
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	6,665	1,244	6,597	1,235
5	Stable deposits	1,931	97	1,809	90
6	Less stable deposits	4,734	1,147	4,789	1,145
7	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	1,006	623	1,009	607
8	Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks for cooperative banks	-	-	-	-
9	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	1,006	623	1,009	607
10	Unsecured debt	-	-	-	-
11	Secured wholesale funding		-		-
12	Additional requirements, of which:	5,666	439	6,177	466
13	Outflows related to derivatives exposures and other collateral requirements	7	7	7	7
14	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-	-	-
15	Credit and liquidity facilities	3,260	284	3,507	304
16	Other contractual funding obligations	-	-	-	-
17	Other contingents funding obligations	2,399	148	2,664	155
18	Total cash outflows		2,306		2,308
Cash Inflows					
19	Secured lending (e.g reverse repos)	-	-	-	-
20	Inflows from fully performing exposures	657	632	631	601
21	Other cash inflows	49	49	44	44
22	Total cash inflows***	706	681	675	645
23	Total liquid assets		2,142		2,163
24	Total net cash outflows		1,625		1,663
25	Liquidity Coverage ratio (%)		132		130
	Number of data points used (Business Days)		63		62

* *Unweighted values are calculated as outstanding balances maturing or callable within 30 days (for inflows and outflows)

**Weighted values is calculated after the application of respective haircuts (for HQLA) or inflow and outflow rates (for inflows and outflows)

***Adjusted values is calculated after the application of both (i) haircuts and inflow and outflow rates and (ii) any applicable caps (i.e cap on HQLA2 and cap on inflows)