Pillar 3 – Capital Adequacy and Risk Disclosures

Quarterly Update as at 31 December 2019

Introduction

Rabobank Australia Limited ("the Bank") is an Authorised Deposit-taking Institution ("ADI") subject to regulation by the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority ("APRA") under the authority of the Banking Act 1959.

In accordance with the Australian Prudential Standard 330 ("APS 330"), financial institutions are required to disclose prudential information. A subset of this information is disclosed guarterly.

Verification of the Disclosure

This Basel III Pillar 3 Disclosure ("the Disclosure") document is unaudited. However, the Disclosure (being prepared as at 31 December 2019) uses information consistent with the independently reviewed information that is supplied to APRA, and disclosure controls and procedures have been designed and implemented to effectively manage prudential reporting risk.

Additionally, it has been verified in accordance with Board approved policy, ensuring consistency with the Bank's Annual Report.

Background of Basel II and Implementation of Basel III

The Basel II Capital Accord principles took effect in Australia from 1 January 2008. The framework comprises of three pillars:

- Pillar 1: Minimum Capital Requirements
- Pillar 2: Supervisory Review Process
- Pillar 3: Market Discipline

In December 2010, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision ("BCBS") published a discussion paper on banking reforms. These major reforms are to be phased in from 1 January 2013 to 1 January 2019.

In September 2012, APRA published final standards for the implementation of the Basel III capital reforms in Australia. APRA has adopted a more conservative approach than the minimum standards published by the BCBS and a more accelerated timetable for implementation.

The Bank commenced reporting its regulatory disclosures to APRA under the requirements of Pillar 1 from 1 January 2008 using the Standardised Approach. The Bank also adopted the Basel III measurement of regulatory capital effective from 1 January 2013.

The Bank implemented the Pillar 2 requirements including documentation of its Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process ("ICAAP") with the latest version approved by the local Board in March 2019.



Scope of Application

The Bank is a Level 1 entity for regulatory (APRA) reporting purposes. The Bank is a solo entity, therefore it does not have any subsidiaries (Level 2 entities).

Level 1	Level 1 – Standalone basis ("Solo")
Level 2	Level 2 – The consolidation of the Bank and all its subsidiary entities other than non-consolidated subsidiaries ("Consolidated")

Context

The Rabobank Group ("Group") gained accreditation from the De Nederlandsche Bank ("DNB"), Group's Home Regulator, to use the Advanced Internal Ratings Based Approach ("AIRB") for credit risk and the Advanced Measurement Approach ("AMA") for operational risk from 1 January 2008.

The Rabobank Group gained DNB accreditation to use the AIRB for credit risk from 31 December 2008 for the Bank's Rural portfolio. The Rural lending portfolio is a significant majority of the Bank's lending by exposure.

The Bank currently remains on the Standardised Approach for Credit, Market and Operational risk for APRA regulatory reporting.

Nature of Business

The Bank continues to focus on the provision of flexible, competitively priced, secured loans to the rural sector in Australia. The Bank continues to provide internet banking services to retail clients through its RaboDirect division.

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Bank during the financial year.

The following table provides a reconciliation of all regulatory capital elements to the Balance Sheet of the Bank in its audited financial statements.

	Balance sheet per published audited financial statements	Adjustments	Balance sheet under regulatory scope	Reference to Attachment A Table 1
	31 December 2019 AUD mln	31 December 2019 AUD mln	31 December 2019 AUD mIn	
Assets				
Due from other financial institutions (including Cash and cash equivalents)	437.3	-	437.3	
Derivative financial instruments	19.2	(1.5)	17.7	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,716.8	-	1,716.8	
Loans and advances	16,132.9	(171.1)	15,961.8	
of which: eligible collective provision component of GRCL in tier 2 capital			90.8	(f)
Due from related entities	496.5	(480.7)	15.8	
Deferred tax assets	18.9	4.0	22.9	
of which: arising from temporary differences included in CET1 regulatory Adjustments			18.9	(d)
Right-of-use assets	16.9	(16.9)	-	
Other assets	13.5	101.2	114.7	
Total assets	18,852.0	(565.0)	18,287.1	
Liabilities				
Due to other financial institutions	-	-	-	
Derivative financial instruments	19.8	(18.5)	1.3	
Deposits	12,158.7	(36.0)	12,122.7	
Due to related entities	3,965.7	(394.6)	3,571.1	
of which: directly issued qualifying tier 2 instruments				
of which: directly issued instruments subject to phase out from tier 2			69.0	
Subordinated debt	69.0	(69.0)	-	
Other liabilities	20.7	44.0	64.7	
Deferred tax liabilities	-	-	-	
Total liabilities	16,233.9	(474.1)	15,759.7	
Net assets	2,618.1	(90.9)	2,527.4	
Equity				
Contributed equity	380.7	-	380.7	
of which: amount eligible for CET1			380.7	(a)
Reserves	100.3	(90.8)	9.5	
of which: AFS reserve			9.5	(c)
Retained earnings	2,137.1	-	2,137.1	
of which: included in CET1			2,137.1	(b)
Total equity	2,618.1	(90.8)	2,527.4	

		31 December 2019 AUD mln	Source reference to the regulatory capital reconciliation
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves		
1	Directly issued qualifying ordinary shares (and equivalent for mutually-owned entities) capital	380.7	(a)
2	Retained earnings	2,137.1	(b)
3	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)	9.5	(c)
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET1 (only applicable to mutually-owned companies)	-	
5	Ordinary share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group CET1)	-	
6	Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	2,527.4	
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments		
7	Prudential valuation adjustments	-	
8	Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	-	
9	Other intangibles other than mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	-	
10	Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	-	
11	Cash-flow hedge reserve	-	
12	Shortfall of provisions to expected losses	-	
13	Securitisation gain on sale (as set out in paragraph 562 of Basel II framework)	-	
14	Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	
15	Defined benefit superannuation fund net assets	-	
16	Investments in own shares (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet)	-	
17	Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity	-	
18	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the ADI does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
19	Significant investments in the ordinary shares of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
20	Mortgage service rights (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
21	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	-	
22	Amount exceeding the 15% threshold	-	
23	of which: significant investments in the ordinary shares of financial entities	-	
24	of which: mortgage servicing rights	-	
25	of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences		

		31 December 2019 AUD mln	Source in regulatory capital reconciliation
	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital: instruments and reserves		
26	National specific regulatory adjustments (sum of rows 26a, 26b, 26c, 26d, 26e, 26f, 26g, 26h, 26i and 26j)	18.9	(d)
26a	of which: treasury shares	-	
26b	of which: offset to dividends declared under a dividend reinvestment plan (DRP), to the extent that the dividends are used to purchase new ordinary shares issued by the ADI	-	
26c	of which: deferred fee income	-	
26d	of which: equity investments in financial institutions not reported in rows 18, 19 and 23	-	
26e	of which: deferred tax assets not reported in rows 10, 21 and 25	18.9	(d)
26f	of which: capitalised expenses	-	
26g	of which: investments in commercial (non-financial) entities that are deducted under APRA prudential requirements	-	
26h	of which: covered bonds in excess of asset cover in pools	-	
26i	of which: undercapitalisation of a non-consolidated subsidiary	-	
26j	of which: other national specific regulatory adjustments not reported in rows 26a to 26i	-	
27	Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions	-	
28	Total regulatory adjustments to Common Equity Tier 1	18.9	
29	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (CET1)	2,508.5	
	Additional Tier 1 Capital: instruments		
30	Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments	-	
31	of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards	-	
32	of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards	-	
33	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Additional Tier 1	-	
34	Additional Tier 1 instruments (and CET1 instruments not included in row 5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1)	-	
35	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	-	
36	Additional Tier 1 Capital before regulatory adjustments	-	
	Additional Tier 1 Capital: regulatory adjustments		
37	Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	-	
38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments	-	
39	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the ADI does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
40	Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	-	
41	National specific regulatory adjustments (sum of rows 41a, 41b and 41c)	-	
41a	of which: holdings of capital instruments in group members by other group members on behalf of	-	

Table	e 1: Common disclosures – composition of capital (continued)		
		31 December 2019 AUD mln	Source in regulatory capital reconciliation
41b	of which: investments in the capital of financial institutions that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidations not reported in rows 39 and 40	-	
41c	of which: other national specific regulatory adjustments not reported in rows 41a and 41b	-	
42	Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions	-	
43	Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital	-	
44	Additional Tier 1 Capital (AT1)	-	
45	Tier 1 Capital (T1=CET1+AT1)	2,508.5	
	Tier 2 Capital: instruments and provisions		
46	Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments	-	
47	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Tier 2	69.1	(e)
48	Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or 34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group T2)	-	
49	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	-	
50	Provisions	90.8	(f)
51	Tier 2 Capital before regulatory adjustments	159.8	
	Tier 2 Capital: regulatory adjustments		
52	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments	-	
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments	-	
54	Investments in the Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the ADI does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
55	Significant investments in the Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions	-	
56	National specific regulatory adjustments (sum of rows 56a, 56b and 56c)	-	
56a	of which: holdings of capital instruments in group members by other group members on behalf of third parties	-	
56b	of which: investments in the capital of financial institutions that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation not reported in rows 54 and 55	-	
56c	of which: other national specific regulatory adjustments not reported in rows 56a and 56b	-	
57	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	-	
58	Tier 2 Capital (T2)	159.8	
59	Total Capital (TC=T1+T2)	2,668.2	
60	Total risk-weighted assets based on APRA standards	18,010.8	
	Capital ratios and buffers		
61	Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	13.93%	
61	Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	13.93%	
UZ	Total capital (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	14.81%	

		31 December 2019 AUD mln	Source in regulatory capital reconciliation
64	Buffer requirement (minimum CET1 requirement of 4.5% plus capital conservation buffer of 2.5% plus any countercyclical buffer requirements expressed as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	7.0%*	
65	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	2.5%*	
66	of which: ADI-specific countercyclical buffer requirements	-	
67	of which: G-SIB buffer requirement (not applicable)	-	
68	Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	6.93%	
	National minima (if different from Basel III)		
69	National Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	n/a	
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	n/a	
71	National total capital minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	n/a	
	Amount below thresholds for deductions (not risk-weighted)		
72	Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial entities	-	
73	Significant investments in the ordinary shares of financial entities	-	
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	-	
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	18.9	(d)
	Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2		
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap)	90.8	(f)
77	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardised approach	n/a	
78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap)	n/a	
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach	n/a	
	Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between 1 Jan 2019 and 1 Jan 2022)		
80	Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	-	
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	-	
82	Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	-	
83	Amount excluded from AT1 instruments due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	-	
84	Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	69.0	(e)
85	Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	-	

^{*}The capital conservation buffer came into effect from 1 January 2016.

Table 3: Capital Adequacy (Risk Weighted Equivalent)		
Credit Risk subject to standardised approach	31 December 2019 AUD mln	30 September 2019 AUD mln
Corporate*	16,630.2	17,244.0
Government	-	-
Bank	140.6	86.6
Residential Mortgage	41.6	46.5
Other Retail	-	-
Other	22.5	27.9
Total capital requirement subject to standardised approach	16,834.9	17,405.0
Credit risk capital requirement relating to securitisation exposures	-	-
Market risk minimum capital requirement	0.1	0.1
Operational risk minimum capital requirement	1,175.8	1,155.8
Total RWA and capital requirement	18,010.8	18,560.9
Capital Ratios (%)		
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Ratio	13.93%	13.26%
Tier 1 Capital Ratio	13.93%	13.26%
Total Capital Ratio	14.81%	14.12%

^{*} Note: Corporate includes corporate and private sector counterparties.

Table 4: Credit Risk					
	31 Decemb	er 2019	30 September 2019		
Exposure Type	Gross credit exposure AUD mln	Average gross credit exposure AUD mln	Gross credit exposure AUD mIn	Average gross credit exposure AUD mln	
Cash and liquid assets	437.3	344.2	251.1	242.6	
Trading securities	-	-	-	-	
Investment securities	1,716.8	1,699.5	1,682.2	1,626.3	
Due from other financial institutions	475.1	537.5	599.8	598.2	
Loans and advances	16,209.3	16,545.5	16,881.6	16,908.4	
Acceptances	-	-	-	-	
Derivatives*	112.0	83.7	55.3	55.2	
Contingent liabilities, commitments, and other off-balance sheet exposures*	275.9	306.4	336.8	331.2	
Other assets	22.5	25.2	27.9	27.9	
Total exposures	19,248.9	19,542.0	19,834.7	19,789.8	
Portfolios subject to standardised approach	Gross credit exposure AUD mln	Average gross credit exposure AUD mln	Gross credit exposure AUD mln	Average gross credit exposure AUD mln	
Corporate**	16,452.3	16,800.0	17,147.3	17,166.9	
Government	1,280.7	1,319.7	1,358.7	1,304.3	
Bank	1,396.3	1,295.8	1,195.3	1,183.6	
Residential Mortgage	97.1	101.3	105.5	107.1	
Other retail	-	-	-	-	
Other	22.5	25.2	27.9	27.9	
Total exposures	19,248.9	19,542.0	19,834.7	19,789.8	

^{*} Note: Derivatives and off-balance sheet exposures represent the credit equivalent amount of the Bank's off-balance sheet exposures calculated in accordance with APS112.

^{**} Note: Corporate includes corporate and private sector counterparties.

Table 4: Credit risk (continued)					
Portfolios subject to standardised approach as at	Impaired Ioans	Past due loans >= 90 days**	Specific provision balance	Charges for specific provision	Write-offs
31 December 2019	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln
Corporate*	165.5	332.2	74.1	11.0	0.8
Government	-	-	-	-	-
Bank	-	-	-	-	-
Residential Mortgage	-	-			
Other retail	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Total	165.5	332.2	74.1	11.0	0.8
Portfolios subject to	Impaired Ioans	Past due loans >=	Specific provision	Charges for	
standardised approach as at	100113	an daye**	halance		Write-offs
30 September 2019	AUD mln	90 days ** AUD mln	balance AUD mln	specific provision AUD mln	Write-offs AUD mln
30 September 2019 Corporate*	AUD mln 129.6	•		specific provision	
-		AUD mln	AUD mln	specific provision AUD mln	AUD mln
Corporate*		AUD mln	AUD mln	specific provision AUD mln	AUD mln
Corporate* Government		AUD mln	AUD mln	specific provision AUD mln	AUD mln
Corporate* Government Bank		AUD mln	AUD mln	specific provision AUD mln	AUD mln
Corporate* Government Bank Residential Mortgage		AUD mln	AUD mln	specific provision AUD mln	AUD mln

Balance	31 December 2019	30 September 2019
	AUD mln	AUD mln
General reserve for credit losses	90.8	90.8

^{*} Note: Corporate includes corporate and private sector counterparties.

^{**} Note: Past due loans>= 90 days includes impaired loans.

No securitisation or resecuritisation activity was undertaken during the 30 September 2019 or 31 December 2019 quarters.

Table 5: Securitisation Exposures								
	31 Decem	ber 2019	30 September 2019					
Table 5: Securitisation Exposures – Underlying asset type	Total Exposures Securitised AUD mln	Recognised Gain or (Loss) on sale AUD mln	Total Exposures Securitised AUD mln	Recognised Gain or (Loss) on sale AUD mln				
Housing loans	-	-	-	-				
Commercial loans	-	-	-	-				
Credit Cards and other Personal Loans	-	-	-	-				
Auto and Equipment Finance	-	-	-	-				
Other	-	-	-	-				
Total	-	-	-	-				

31 December 2019				:	30 September 2019)
Securitisation Exposure – Securitisation facilit type	On-Balance Sheet Securitisation Retained AUD mln	On-Balance Sheet Securitisation Purchased AUD mln	Off-Balance Sheet Securitisation Exposure AUD mln	On-Balance Sheet Securitisation Retained AUD mln	On-Balance Sheet Securitisation Purchased AUD mln	Off-Balance Sheet Securitisation Exposure AUD mln
Securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liquidity support facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funding facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Warehouse facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lending facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other commitments and credit enhancements	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Underwriting facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-

Attachment F

The Bank manages its LCR position on a daily basis that is managed according to the Board's risk appetite and includes a buffer above the minimum regulatory requirement.

The Bank maintains a diverse mix of liquid assets consisting of cash with the Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA), Australian Semi-Government and Commonwealth Government securities. This composition has remained relatively stable over the last quarter. The Bank also has access to \$300m of liquidity via the Committed Liquidity Facility provided by the RBA, and approved by APRA. The LCR net cash outflow (NCO) represents potential cash outflows from on and off balance sheet activities within a 30 day liquidity stress scenario, after applying APRA prescribed run-off factors to maturing debt and deposits, and inflow factors to assets. As part of its overall liquidity management strategy the Bank manages its balance sheet in a manner that aims to manage NCOs within the Board's risk appetite. The Bank's funding is predominately deposits, through retail branch clients or the Rabobank Online Savings channel. There are very limited foreign currency transactions, or derivatives transactions in the Bank.

		31 Decen	nber 2019	30 September 2019			
	Liquid Assets, of which	Total unweighted value (average)* AUD mln	Total weighted value (average)** AUD mln	Total unweighted value (average)* AUD mln	Total weighted value (average)** AUD mln		
1	High Quality liquid assets (HQLA)		1,317		1,243		
2	Alternative liquid assets (ALA)		300		300		
3	Reserve bank of New Zealand (RBNZ) securities		-		-		
	Cash Outflows						
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	5,615	1,011	5,520	999		
5	Stable deposits	1,277	64	1,280	64		
6	Less stable deposits	4,338	647	4,240	935		
7	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	919	464	3,185	2,712		
8	Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks for cooperative banks	-	-	-	-		
9	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	913	459	3,185	2,712		
10	Unsecured debt	5	5	-	-		
1	Secured wholesale funding		-		-		
12	Additional requirements, of which:	3,989	256	3,784	244		
13	Outflows related to derivatives exposures and other collateral requirements	6	6	2	2		
14	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-	-	-		
15	Credit and liquidity facilities	94	9	146	15		
16	Other contractual funding obligations	-	-	-	-		
17	Other contingents funding obligations	3,889	241	3,635	227		
18	Total cash outflows		1,731		3,956		
	Cash Inflows						
19	Secured lending (e.g reverse repos)	3	-	7	-		
20	Inflows from fully performing exposures	616	461	683	526		
21	Other cash inflows	8	8	2	2		
22	Total cash inflows***	627	469	692	528		
23	Total liquid assets		1,617		1,543		
24	Total net cash outflows		1,263		3,428		
25	Liquidity Coverage ratio (%)****		128		69		
	Number of data points used (Business Days)		64		66		

^{**}Unweighted values are calculated as outstanding balances maturing or callable within 30 days (for inflows and outflows)

^{**}Weighted values is calculated after the application of respective haircuts (for HQLA) or inflow and outflow rates (for inflows and outflows)

^{***}Adjusted values is calculated after the application of both (i) haircuts and inflow and outflow rates and (ii) any applicable caps (i.e cap on HQLA2 and cap on inflows)

^{****}Refer to September 2019 - Pillar 3 - Capital Adequacy and Risk Disclosures Quarterly Update for details.

The Bank manages its Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) position on a daily basis that includes a buffer above the minimum regulatory requirement and according to the Board's risk appetite.

The NSFR represents the ratio of Available Stable Funding (ASF) against Required Stable Funding (RSF) from on and off balance sheet activities, after applying APRA prescribed ASF factors to maturing debt and deposits, and RSF factors to assets. As part of its overall liquidity management strategy the Bank manages its balance sheet in a manner that aims to manage NSFR within the Board's risk appetite. The Bank's assets mainly consist of lending to Rural clients with average maturity over 1 year, funded predominantly by retail branch clients and Rabobank Online Savings deposits. Funding shortfall is covered by intragroup funding from the Australian Branch of Rabobank. There are very limited foreign currency transactions, or derivatives transactions in the Bank.

			Г	December 201	9			Sente	mher 2019			
	Unweighted value by residual maturity							September 2019 Unweighted value by residual maturity				
Avai	wailable Stable Funding (ASF) Item			6 mths to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value	No		6 mths to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value	
1	Capital	-	_	-	2,573	2,573	-	-	-	2,559	2,559	
2	Regulatory capital	-	-	-	2,527	2,527	-	-	-	2,490	2,490	
3	Other capital instruments	-	-	-	46	46	-	-	-	69	69	
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers	-	10,121	-	-	9,199	-	10,246	-	-	9,320	
5	Stable deposits	-	1,809	-	-	1,719	-	1,979	-	-	1,880	
б	Less stable deposits	-	8,312	-	-	7,481	-	8,267	-	-	7,440	
7	Wholesale funding	-	1,814	189	3,981	4,627	-	2,015	117	4,319	4,936	
8	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
9	Other wholesale funding	-	1,814	189	3,981	4,627	-	2,015	117	4,319	4,936	
10	Liabilities with matching interdependent assets	-					-					
11	Other liabilities	-	211	-	-	-	-	203	-	-	-	
12	NSFR derivative liabilities				2					33		
13	All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	-	209	-	-	-	-	170	-	-	-	
14	Total ASF					16,400					16,815	
	Required Stable Funding (RSF) Item											
15(a)	Total NSFR (HQLA)					64					68	
15(b)	ALA					30					30	
15(c)	RBNZ securities					-					-	
16	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
17	Performing loans and securities	-	1,099	707	15,289	13,746	-	1,022	681	15,883	14,247	
18	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
19	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions	-	547	100	259	391	-	455	-	357	425	

December 2019							September 2019					
		Unweighted value by residual maturity				Unweig						
Avai	Available Stable Funding (ASF) Item		< 6 mths	6 mths to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value	No maturity	< 6 mths	6 mths to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value	
20	Performing loans to non-financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and public sector entities (PSEs), of which:	-	435	607	14,894	13,181	-	451	681	15,503	13,743	
21	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under APS 112	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
22	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	116	-	-	58	-	116	-	-	58	
23	With a risk weight equal to 35% under APS 112	-	69	-	-	35	-	71	-	-	36	
24	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities	-	-	-	136	116	-	-	-	24	20	
25	Assets with matching interdependent liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
26	Other assets:	-	88	-	136	224	-	97	-	91	188	
27	Physical traded commodities, including gold	-				-	-				-	
28	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of central counterparties (CCPs)	-				-			-			
29	NSFR derivative assets	15 15								24	24	
30	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted	-			-			7				
31	All other assets not included in the above categories	-	72	-	136	208	-	66	-	91	157	
32	Off-balance sheet items				4,427	47				3,677	41	
33	Total RSF					14,110					14,573	
34	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					116.22					115.38	