Pillar 3 – Capital Adequacy and Risk Disclosures

Quarterly Update as at 31 December 2020

Introduction

Rabobank Australia Limited ("the Bank") is an Authorised Deposit-taking Institution ("ADI") subject to regulation by the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority ("APRA") under the authority of the Banking Act 1959.

In accordance with the Australian Prudential Standard 330 ("APS 330"), financial institutions are required to disclose prudential information. A subset of this information is disclosed guarterly.

Verification of the Disclosure

This Basel III Pillar 3 Disclosure ("the Disclosure") document is unaudited. However, the Disclosure (being prepared as at 31 December 2020) uses information consistent with the independently reviewed information that is supplied to APRA, and disclosure controls and procedures have been designed and implemented to effectively manage prudential reporting risk.

Additionally, it has been verified in accordance with Board approved policy, ensuring consistency with the Bank's Annual Report.

Background of Basel II and Implementation of Basel III

The Basel II Capital Accord principles took effect in Australia from 1 January 2008. The framework comprises of three pillars:

- Pillar 1: Minimum Capital Requirements
- Pillar 2: Supervisory Review Process
- Pillar 3: Market Discipline

In December 2010, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision ("BCBS") published a discussion paper on banking reforms. These major reforms are to be phased in from 1 January 2013 to 1 January 2019.

In September 2012, APRA published final standards for the implementation of the Basel III capital reforms in Australia. APRA has adopted a more conservative approach than the minimum standards published by the BCBS and a more accelerated timetable for implementation.

The Bank commenced reporting its regulatory disclosures to APRA under the requirements of Pillar 1 from 1 January 2008 using the Standardised Approach. The Bank also adopted the Basel III measurement of regulatory capital effective from 1 January 2013.

The Bank implemented the Pillar 2 requirements including documentation of its Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process ("ICAAP") with the latest version approved by the local Board in March 2021.



Scope of Application

The Bank is a Level 1 entity for regulatory (APRA) reporting purposes. The Bank is a solo entity, therefore it does not have any subsidiaries (Level 2 entities).

Level 1	Level 1 – Standalone basis ("Solo")
Level 2	Level 2 – The consolidation of the Bank and all its subsidiary entities other than non-consolidated subsidiaries ("Consolidated")

Context

The Rabobank Group ("Group") gained accreditation from the De Nederlandsche Bank ("DNB"), Group's Home Regulator, to use the Advanced Internal Ratings Based Approach ("AIRB") for credit risk and the Advanced Measurement Approach ("AMA") for operational risk.

The Rabobank Group gained DNB accreditation to use the AIRB for credit risk for the Bank's Rural portfolio.

The Bank currently remains on the Standardised Approach for Credit, Market and Operational risk for APRA regulatory reporting.

Nature of Business

The Bank continues to focus on the provision of flexible, competitively priced, secured loans to the rural sector in Australia and the raising of retail deposits. The Bank continues to provide online deposit products to retail clients through its Rabobank Online Savings channel.

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Bank during the financial year.

The following table provides a reconciliation of all regulatory capital elements to the Balance Sheet of the Bank in its audited financial statements.

	Balance sheet per published audited financial statements	Adjustments	Balance sheet under regulatory scope	Reference to Attachment A Table 1
	31 December 2020 AUD mln	31 December 2020 AUD mln	31 December 2020 AUD mIn	
Assets				
Due from other financial institutions (including Cash and cash equivalents)	557.0	(2.8)	554.2	
Derivative financial instruments	34.9	(12.5)	22.4	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,882.2	-	2,882.2	
Loans and advances	15,960.2	(154.3)	15,805.9	
of which: eligible collective provision component of GRCL in tier 2 capital			85.4	(f)
Due from related entities	14.8	12.5	27.3	
Deferred tax assets	14.3	-	14.3	
of which: arising from temporary differences included in CET1 regulatory Adjustments			14.3	(d)
Right-of-use assets	12.7	(12.7)	-	
Other assets	11.9	89.1	101.0	
Total assets	19.488.0	(80.7)	19,407.3	
Liabilities				
Due to other financial institutions	633.9	(633.9)	-	
Derivative financial instruments	34.0	(25.9)	8.1	
Deposits	13,542.2	(33.5)	13,508.7	
Due to related entities	2,412.0	71.7	2,483.8	
of which: directly issued qualifying tier 2 instruments				
of which: directly issued instruments subject to phase out from tier 2			46.0	(e)
Subordinated debt	46.0	(46.0)	-	
Other liabilities	26.1	672.2	698.3	
Deferred tax liabilities	-	-	-	
Total liabilities	16,694.2	4.7	16,698.9	
Net assets	2,793.8	(85.4)	2,708.4	
Equity				
Contributed equity	380.7	-	380.7	
of which: amount eligible for CET1			380.7	(a)
Reserves	103.1	(85.4)	17.7	
of which: AFS reserve			17.7	(c)
Retained earnings	2,310.0	-	2,310.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
of which: included in CET1			2,310.0	(b)
Total equity	2,793.8	(85.4)	2,708.4	

		31 December 2020 AUD mln	Source reference to the regulatory capital reconciliation
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves		
1	Directly issued qualifying ordinary shares (and equivalent for mutually-owned entities) capital	380.7	(a)
2	Retained earnings	2,310.0	(b)
3	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)	17.7	(c)
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET1 (only applicable to mutually-owned companies)	-	
5	Ordinary share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group CET1)	-	
6	Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	2,708.4	
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments		
7	Prudential valuation adjustments	-	
8	Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	-	
9	Other intangibles other than mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	-	
10	Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	-	
11	Cash-flow hedge reserve	-	
12	Shortfall of provisions to expected losses	-	
13	Securitisation gain on sale (as set out in paragraph 562 of Basel II framework)	-	
14	Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	
15	Defined benefit superannuation fund net assets	-	
16	Investments in own shares (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet)	-	
17	Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity	-	
18	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the ADI does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
19	Significant investments in the ordinary shares of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
20	Mortgage service rights (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
21	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	-	
22	Amount exceeding the 15% threshold	-	
23	of which: significant investments in the ordinary shares of financial entities	-	
24	of which: mortgage servicing rights	-	
25	of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences		

		31 December 2020 AUD mln	Source in regulatory capital reconciliation
	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital: instruments and reserves		
26	National specific regulatory adjustments (sum of rows 26a, 26b, 26c, 26d, 26e, 26f, 26g, 26h, 26i and 26j)	14.4	(d)
26a	of which: treasury shares	-	
26b	of which: offset to dividends declared under a dividend reinvestment plan (DRP), to the extent that the dividends are used to purchase new ordinary shares issued by the ADI	-	
26c	of which: deferred fee income	-	
26d	of which: equity investments in financial institutions not reported in rows 18, 19 and 23	-	
26e	of which: deferred tax assets not reported in rows 10, 21 and 25	14.4	(d)
26f	of which: capitalised expenses	-	
26g	of which: investments in commercial (non-financial) entities that are deducted under APRA prudential requirements	-	
26h	of which: covered bonds in excess of asset cover in pools	-	
26i	of which: undercapitalisation of a non-consolidated subsidiary	-	
26j	of which: other national specific regulatory adjustments not reported in rows 26a to 26i	-	
27	Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions	-	
28	Total regulatory adjustments to Common Equity Tier 1	14.4	
29	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (CET1)	2,694.0	
	Additional Tier 1 Capital: instruments		
30	Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments	-	
31	of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards	-	
32	of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards	-	
33	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Additional Tier 1	-	
34	Additional Tier 1 instruments (and CET1 instruments not included in row 5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1)	-	
35	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	-	
36	Additional Tier 1 Capital before regulatory adjustments	-	
	Additional Tier 1 Capital: regulatory adjustments		
37	Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	-	
38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments	-	
39	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the ADI does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
40	Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	-	
41	National specific regulatory adjustments (sum of rows 41a, 41b and 41c)	-	
41a	of which: holdings of capital instruments in group members by other group members on behalf of third parties	-	

Table	e 1: Common disclosures – composition of capital (continued)		
		31 December 2020 AUD mln	Source in regulatory capital reconciliation
41b	of which: investments in the capital of financial institutions that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidations not reported in rows 39 and 40	-	
41c	of which: other national specific regulatory adjustments not reported in rows 41a and 41b	-	
42	Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions	-	
43	Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital	-	
44	Additional Tier 1 Capital (AT1)	-	
45	Tier 1 Capital (T1=CET1+AT1)	2,694.0	
	Tier 2 Capital: instruments and provisions		
46	Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments	-	
47	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Tier 2	46.0	(e)
48	Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or 34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group T2)	-	
49	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	-	
50	Provisions	85.4	(f)
51	Tier 2 Capital before regulatory adjustments	131.4	
	Tier 2 Capital: regulatory adjustments		
52	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments	-	
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments	-	
54	Investments in the Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the ADI does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
55	Significant investments in the Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions	-	
56	National specific regulatory adjustments (sum of rows 56a, 56b and 56c)	-	
56a	of which: holdings of capital instruments in group members by other group members on behalf of third parties	-	
56b	of which: investments in the capital of financial institutions that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation not reported in rows 54 and 55	-	
56c	of which: other national specific regulatory adjustments not reported in rows 56a and 56b	-	
57	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	-	
58	Tier 2 Capital (T2)	131.4	
59	Total Capital (TC=T1+T2)	2,825.5	
60	Total risk-weighted assets based on APRA standards	19,429.7	
	Capital ratios and buffers		
61	Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	13.87%	
62	Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	13.87%	
63	Total capital (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	14.55%	

		31 December 2020 AUD mln	Source in regulatory capital reconciliation
64	Buffer requirement (minimum CET1 requirement of 4.5% plus capital conservation buffer of 2.5% plus any countercyclical buffer requirements expressed as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	7.0%*	
65	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	2.5%*	
66	of which: ADI-specific countercyclical buffer requirements	-	
67	of which: G-SIB buffer requirement (not applicable)	-	
68	Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	6.87%	
	National minima (if different from Basel III)		
69	National Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	n/a	
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	n/a	
71	National total capital minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	n/a	
	Amount below thresholds for deductions (not risk-weighted)		
72	Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial entities	-	
73	Significant investments in the ordinary shares of financial entities	-	
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	-	
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	14.4	(d)
	Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2		
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap)	85.4	(f)
77	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardised approach	n/a	
78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap)	n/a	
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach	n/a	
	Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between 1 Jan 2021 and 1 Jan 2022)		
80	Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	-	
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	-	
82	Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	-	
83	Amount excluded from AT1 instruments due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	-	
84	Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	46.0	(e)
85	Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	-	

^{*}The capital conservation buffer came into effect from 1 January 2016.

Table 3: Capital Adequacy (Risk Weighted Equivalent)		
Credit Risk subject to standardised approach	31 December 2020 AUD mln	30 September 2020 AUD mln
Corporate*	18,024.5	17,787.7
Government	-	-
Bank	135.0	112.8
Residential Mortgage	23.3	28.3
Other Retail	-	-
Other	12.7	13.8
Total capital requirement subject to standardised approach	18,195.5	17,942.6
Credit risk capital requirement relating to securitisation exposures	-	-
Market risk minimum capital requirement	0.0	0.1
Operational risk minimum capital requirement	1,234.2	1,206.4
Total RWA and capital requirement	19,429.7	19,149.1
Capital Ratios (%)		
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Ratio	13.87%	13.77%
Tier 1 Capital Ratio	13.87%	13.77%
Total Capital Ratio	14.55%	14.49%

^{*} Note: Corporate includes corporate and private sector counterparties.

	31 Decembe	au 2020	30 Comtl-	or 2020	
			30 September 2020		
	Gross credit exposure	Average gross credit exposure	Gross credit exposure	Average gross credit exposure	
Exposure Type	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln	
Cash and liquid assets	549.2	361.9	174.6	130.8	
Trading securities	-	-	-	-	
Investment securities	2,893.6	2,850.6	2,870.5	2,734.4	
Due from other financial institutions	7.5	12.6	17.6	9.6	
Loans and advances	16,034.0	16,689.0	17,344.0	17,556.1	
Acceptances	-	-	-	-	
Derivatives*	234.6	236.4	238.2	221.0	
Contingent liabilities, commitments, and other off-balance sheet exposures*	1,795.9	1,002.7	209.5	223.5	
Other assets	12.7	13.3	13.8	14.6	
Total exposures	21,527.5	21,166.5	20,805.2	20,890.0	
Portfolios subject to standardised approach	Gross credit exposure AUD mln	Average gross credit exposure AUD mln	Gross credit exposure AUD mln	Average gross credit exposure AUD mln	
Corporate**	17,867.2	17,725.1	17,582.9	17,805.3	
Government	2,299.7	2,256.9	2,214.1	2,139.3	
Bank	1,289.6	1,106.1	922.6	853.4	
Residential Mortgage	58.3	65.1	71.8	77.4	
Other retail	-	-	-	-	
Other	12.7	13.3	13.8	14.6	
Total exposures	21,527.5	21,166.5	20,805.2	20,890.0	

^{*} Note: Derivatives and off-balance sheet exposures represent the credit equivalent amount of the Bank's off-balance sheet exposures calculated in accordance with APS112.

^{**} Note: Corporate includes corporate and private sector counterparties.

Portfolios subject to standardised approach as at	Impaired loans	Past due loans >= 90 days**	Specific provision balance	Charges for specific provision	Write-offs
31 December 2020	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln
Corporate*	216.1	263.0	76.6	2.3	17.7
Government	-	-	-	-	-
Bank	-	-	-	-	-
Residential Mortgage	-	-			
Other retail	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Total	216.1	263.0	76.6	2.3	17.7
Portfolios subject to	Impaired Ioans	Past due loans >= 90 days**	Specific provision balance	Charges for specific provision	Write-offs
Portfolios subject to standardised approach as at 30 September 2020					Write-offs AUD mln
standardised approach as at	loans	90 days**	balance	specific provision	
standardised approach as at 30 September 2020	loans AUD mln	90 days** AUD mln	balance AUD mln	specific provision AUD mln	
standardised approach as at 30 September 2020 Corporate*	AUD mln 315.2	90 days** AUD mln	balance AUD mln 92.0	specific provision AUD mln	
standardised approach as at 30 September 2020 Corporate* Government	AUD mln 315.2	90 days** AUD mln	balance AUD mln 92.0	AUD mln 1.2	
standardised approach as at 30 September 2020 Corporate* Government Bank	AUD mln 315.2	90 days** AUD mln	balance AUD mln 92.0	AUD mln 1.2	
standardised approach as at 30 September 2020 Corporate* Government Bank Residential Mortgage	AUD mln 315.2 -	90 days** AUD mln	balance AUD mln 92.0	specific provision AUD mln 1.2 -	

Balance	31 December 2020	30 September 2020
	AUD mln	AUD mln
General reserve for credit losses	85.4	90.8

^{*} Note: Corporate includes corporate and private sector counterparties.

^{**} Note: Past due loans>= 90 days includes impaired loans.

No securitisation or resecuritisation activity was undertaken during the 30 September 2020 or 31 December 2020 quarters.

Table 5: Securitisation Exposures								
	31 Decem	ber 2020	30 September 2020					
Table 5: Securitisation Exposures – Underlying	Total Exposures Securitised	Recognised Gain or (Loss) on sale	Total Exposures Securitised	Recognised Gain or (Loss) on sale				
asset type	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln				
Housing loans	-	-	-	-				
Commercial loans	-	-	-	-				
Credit Cards and other Personal Loans	-	-	-	-				
Auto and Equipment Finance	-	-	-	-				
Other	-	-	-	-				
Total	-	-	-	-				

	3	31 December 2020		30 September 2020		
Securitisation Exposure – Securitisation facilit type	On-Balance Sheet Securitisation Retained AUD mln	On-Balance Sheet Securitisation Purchased AUD mln	Off-Balance Sheet Securitisation Exposure AUD mln	On-Balance Sheet Securitisation Retained AUD mln	On-Balance Sheet Securitisation Purchased AUD mln	Off-Balance Sheet Securitisation Exposure AUD mln
Securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liquidity support facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funding facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Warehouse facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lending facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other commitments and credit enhancements	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Underwriting facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-

Attachment F

The Bank manages its LCR position on a daily basis that is managed according to the Board's risk appetite and includes a buffer above the minimum regulatory requirement.

The Bank maintains a diverse mix of liquid assets consisting of cash with the Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA), Australian SemiGovernment and Commonwealth Government securities. This composition has remained relatively stable over the last quarter. In addition, the Bank has in place a \$525m Committed Liquidity Facility with CRUA (the Parent) to boost the Bank's access to liquidity, if needed. The Bank also has access to \$550m of liquidity via the Committed Liquidity Facility provided by the RBA, and approved by APRA. The LCR net cash outflow (NCO) represents potential cash outflows from on and off balance sheet activities within a 30 day liquidity stress scenario, after applying APRA prescribed run-off factors to maturing debt and deposits, and inflow factors to assets. As part of its overall liquidity management strategy the Bank manages its balance sheet in a manner that aims to manage NCOs within the Board's risk appetite. The Bank's funding is predominately deposits, through retail branch clients or the Rabobank Online Savings channel.

There are very limited foreign currency transactions in the Bank, and interest rate derivatives are now being used to hedge interest rate risk residing in the Bank.

		31 Decen	nber 2020	30 September 2020			
	Liquid Assets, of which	Total unweighted value (average)* AUD mln	Total weighted value (average)** AUD mln	Total unweighted value (average)* AUD mln	Total weighted value (average)** AUD mln		
1	High Quality liquid assets (HQLA)		2,006		1,734		
2	Alternative liquid assets (ALA)		590		590		
3	Reserve bank of New Zealand (RBNZ) securities		-		-		
	Cash Outflows						
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	6,218	1,153	5,843	1,049		
5	Stable deposits	1,352	68	1,327	66		
6	Less stable deposits	4,867	1,085	4,516	983		
7	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	1,018	527	1,037	562		
8	Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks for cooperative banks	-	-	-	-		
9	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	1,013	522	1,037	562		
10	Unsecured debt	5	5	-	-		
11	Secured wholesale funding		-		-		
12	Additional requirements, of which:	4,067	324	3,667	221		
13	Outflows related to derivatives exposures and other collateral requirements	14	14	2	2		
14	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-	-	-		
15	Credit and liquidity facilities	1,971	171	63	6		
16	Other contractual funding obligations	-	-	-	-		
17	Other contingents funding obligations	2,082	138	3,602	213		
18	Total cash outflows		2,004		1,832		
	Cash Inflows						
19	Secured lending (e.g reverse repos)	6	-	-	-		
20	Inflows from fully performing exposures	262	180	313	212		
21	Other cash inflows	14	14	2	2		
22	Total cash inflows***	282	194	316	215		
23	Total liquid assets		2,596		2,325		
24	Total net cash outflows	·	1,810		1,618		
25	Liquidity Coverage ratio (%)		144		144		
	Number of data points used (Business Days)		63		66		

^{**}Unweighted values are calculated as outstanding balances maturing or callable within 30 days (for inflows and outflows)

^{**}Weighted values is calculated after the application of respective haircuts (for HQLA) or inflow and outflow rates (for inflows and outflows)

^{***}Adjusted values is calculated after the application of both (i) haircuts and inflow and outflow rates and (ii) any applicable caps (i.e cap on HQLA2 and cap on inflows).

The Bank manages its Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) position on a daily basis that includes a buffer above the minimum regulatory requirement and according to the Board's risk appetite.

The NSFR represents the ratio of Available Stable Funding (ASF) against Required Stable Funding (RSF) from on and off balance sheet activities, after applying APRA prescribed ASF factors to maturing debt and deposits, and RSF factors to assets. As part of its overallliquidity management strategy the Bank manages its balance sheet in a manner that aims to manage NSFR within the Board's risk appetite. The Bank's assets mainly consist of lending to Rural clients with average maturity over 1 year, funded predominantly by retailbranch clients and Rabobank Online Savings deposits. Funding shortfall is covered by intragroup funding from the Australian Branch of Rabobank. There are very limited foreign currency transactions in the Bank, and interest rate derivatives are now being used to hedge interest rate risk residing in the Bank.

	December 2020						September 2020					
		Unweighted value by residual maturity					Unweighted value by residual maturity					
Avai	Available Stable Funding (ASF) Item		< 6 mths	6 mths to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value		< 6 mths	6 mths to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value	
1	Capital	-	-	-	2,726	2,726	-	-	-	2,708	2,708	
2	Regulatory capital	-	-	-	2,703	2,703	-	-	-	2,662	2,662	
3	Other capital instruments	-	-	-	23	23	-	-	-	46	46	
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers	-	11,099	-	-	10,080	-	11,186	-	-	10,156	
5	Stable deposits	-	1,811	-	-	1,721	-	1,767	-	-	1,678	
6	Less stable deposits	-	9,288	-	-	8,360	-	9,419	-	-	8,477	
7	Wholesale funding	-	2,529	1,103	1,853	3,164	-	2,532	1,717	2,035	3,607	
8	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
9	Other wholesale funding	-	2,529	1,103	1,853	3,164	-	2,532	1,717	2,035	3,607	
10	Liabilities with matching interdependent assets	-					-					
11	Other liabilities	-	201	-	-	-	-	206	-	-	-	
12	NSFR derivative liabilities				34					36		
13	All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	-	201	-	-	-	-	206	-	-	-	
14	Total ASF					15,970					16,471	
	Required Stable Funding (RSF) Item											
15(a)	Total NSFR (HQLA)					83					78	
15(b)	ALA					59					59	
15(c)	RBNZ securities					-					-	
16	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
17	Performing loans and securities	-	1,141	672	14,801	13,114	-	960	970	15,796	14,060	
18	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
19	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions	-	152	-	-	23	-	32	-	-	5	

Table 21: NSFR disclosure template													
	December 2020							September 2020					
		Unweighted value by residual maturity					Unweighted value by residual maturity						
Available Stable Funding (ASF) Item		No maturity	< 6 mths	6 mths to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value	No maturity	< 6 mths	6 mths to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value		
20	Performing loans to non-financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and public sector entities (PSEs), of which:	-	473	672	14,618	12,998	-	522	846	15,613	13,955		
21	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under APS 112	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
22	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	58	-	-	29	-	72	-	-	36		
23	With a risk weight equal to 35% under APS 112	-	46	-	-	23	-	59	-	-	29		
24	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities	-	457	-	183	64	-	334	124	183	64		
25	Assets with matching interdependent liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
26	Other assets:	-	42	-	236	244	-	59	-	312	336		
27	Physical traded commodities, including gold	-				-	-				-		
28	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of central counterparties (CCPs)					-			-				
29	NSFR derivative assets		35						2				
30	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted		7			7			7				
31	All other assets not included in the above categories	-	42	-	194	237	-	59	-	269	327		
32	Off-balance sheet items				4,827	184				3,548	39		
33	Total RSF					13,684					14,572		
34	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					116.71					113.03		