# Pillar 3 – Capital Adequacy and Risk Disclosures

**Quarterly Update as at 31 December 2022** 

### Introduction

Rabobank Australia Limited ("the Bank") is an Authorised Deposit-taking Institution ("ADI") subject to regulation by the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority ("APRA") under the authority of the Banking Act 1959.

In accordance with the Australian Prudential Standard 330 ("APS 330"), financial institutions are required to disclose prudential information. A subset of this information is disclosed guarterly.

### Verification of the Disclosure

This Basel III Pillar 3 Disclosure ("the Disclosure") document is unaudited. However, the Disclosure (being prepared as at 31 December 2022) uses information consistent with the independently reviewed information that is supplied to APRA, and disclosure controls and procedures have been designed and implemented to effectively manage prudential reporting risk.

Additionally, it has been verified in accordance with Board approved policy, ensuring consistency with the Bank's Annual Report.

# Background of Basel II and Implementation of Basel III

The Basel II Capital Accord principles took effect in Australia from 1 January 2008. The framework comprises of three pillars:

- Pillar 1: Minimum Capital Requirements
- Pillar 2: Supervisory Review Process
- Pillar 3: Market Discipline

In December 2010, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision ("BCBS") published a discussion paper on banking reforms. These major reforms are to be phased in from 1 January 2013 to 1 January 2019.

In September 2012, APRA published final standards for the implementation of the Basel III capital reforms in Australia. APRA has adopted a more conservative approach than the minimum standards published by the BCBS and a more accelerated timetable for implementation.

The Bank commenced reporting its regulatory disclosures to APRA under the requirements of Pillar 1 from 1 January 2008 using the Standardised Approach. The Bank also adopted the Basel III measurement of regulatory capital effective from 1 January 2013.

The Bank implemented the Pillar 2 requirements including documentation of its Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process ("ICAAP") with the latest version approved by the local Board in March 2023.



# Revisions to regulatory capital framework

APRA has finalised its new bank capital framework, effective from 1 January 2023. The new capital framework is designed to embed "unquestionably strong" levels of capital and align Australian standards with the internationally agreed Basel III requirements. The new framework will help to ensure ADIs continue to have the financial strength to withstand future adverse economic conditions, ensuring depositors are protected and lending is supported. The new framework will result changes to calculation and presentation of capital ratio and APRA has communicated that the new framework does not require banks to raise additional capital.

The Bank is well placed to accommodate these changes and expects to operate with a CET1 ratio greater than the prudential requirements.

## Scope of Application

The Bank is a Level 1 entity for regulatory (APRA) reporting purposes. The Bank is a solo entity, therefore it does not have any subsidiaries (Level 2 entities).

Level 1	Level 1 – Standalone basis ("Solo")
Level 2	Level 2 – The consolidation of the Bank and all its subsidiary entities other than non-consolidated subsidiaries ("Consolidated")

### Context

The Rabobank Group ("Group") gained accreditation from the De Nederlandsche Bank ("DNB"), Group's Home Regulator, to use the Advanced Internal Ratings Based Approach ("AIRB") for credit risk and the Advanced Measurement Approach ("AMA") for operational risk.

The Rabobank Group gained DNB accreditation to use the AIRB for credit risk for the Bank's Rural portfolio.

The Bank currently remains on the Standardised Approach for Credit, Market and Operational risk for APRA regulatory reporting.

### **Nature of Business**

The Bank continues to focus on the provision of flexible, competitively priced, secured loans to the rural sector in Australia and the raising of retail deposits. The Bank continues to provide online deposit products to retail clients through its Rabobank Online Savings division.

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Bank during the financial year.

The following table provides a reconciliation of all regulatory capital elements to the Balance Sheet of the Bank in its audited financial statements.

REGULATORY CAPITAL RECONCILIATION							
	Balance sheet per published audited financial statements	Adjustments	Balance sheet under regulatory scope	Reference to Attachment A Table 1			
	31 December 2022 AUD mln	31 December 2022 AUD mln	31 December 2022 AUD mIn				
Assets							
Due from other financial institutions (including Cash and cash equivalents)	1,221.3	1.2	1,222.5				
Derivative financial instruments	164.6	(0.1)	164.5				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,093.3	-	2,093.3				
Loans and advances	17,354.7	(88.7)	17,266.0				
of which: IFRS 9 provision for stage 1 and 2 non-defaulted exposure are included as Tier 2 capital			29.9	(f)			
Due from related entities	33.5	(10.5)	23.0				
Net deferred tax assets	21.8	-	21.8				
of which: arising from temporary differences included in CET1 regulatory Adjustments			21.8	(d)			
Right-of-use assets	9.7	-	9.7				
Other assets	23.7	106.1	129.8				
of which: capitalised expenses included in CET1 regulatory Adjustments			1.8	(g)			
Total assets	20,922.6	8.0	20,930.6				
Liabilities							
Derivative financial instruments	234.9	0.1	234.8				
Deposits	12,725.0	(39.5)	12,685.5				
Due to related entities	4,329.0	(10.5)	4,318.5				
Payables due to central bank	636.6	(1.6)	635.0				
Current tax liabilities	0.1	-	0.1				
Other provision	5.5	6.0	11.5				
Lease liabilities	10.1	-	10.1				
Other liabilities	3.2	53.7	56.9				
Total liabilities	17,944.4	8.0	17,952.4				
Net assets	2,978.2	-	2,978.2				
Equity							
Contributed equity	330.7	-	330.7				
of which: amount eligible for CET1			327.2	(a)			
Reserves	31.0	-	31.0				
of which: AFS reserve			(19.0)	(c)			
of which: Other reserve			50.0	(e)			
Retained earnings	2,616.4	-	2,616.4				
of which: included in CET1			2,616.4	(b)			
Total equity	2,978.2	-	2,978.2				

		31 December 2022 AUD mln	Source reference to the regulatory capital reconciliation
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves		
1	Directly issued qualifying ordinary shares (and equivalent for mutually-owned entities) capital	327.2	(a)
2	Retained earnings	2,616.4	(b)
3	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)	31.0	(c) (e)
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET1 (only applicable to mutually-owned companies)	-	
5	Ordinary share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group CET1)	-	
6	Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	2,974.7	
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments		
7	Prudential valuation adjustments	-	
8	Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	-	
9	Other intangibles other than mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	-	
10	Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	-	
11	Cash-flow hedge reserve	-	
12	Shortfall of provisions to expected losses	-	
13	Securitisation gain on sale (as set out in paragraph 562 of Basel II framework)	-	
14	Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	
15	Defined benefit superannuation fund net assets	-	
16	Investments in own shares (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet)	-	
17	Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity	-	
18	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the ADI does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
19	Significant investments in the ordinary shares of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
20	Mortgage service rights (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
21	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	-	
22	Amount exceeding the 15% threshold	-	
23	of which: significant investments in the ordinary shares of financial entities	-	
24	of which: mortgage servicing rights	-	
25	of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences		

		31 December 2022 AUD mln	Source in regulatory capital reconciliation
	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital: instruments and reserves	AODIIIII	-
26	National specific regulatory adjustments (sum of rows 26a, 26b, 26c, 26d, 26e, 26f, 26g, 26h, 26i and 26j)	23.6	
26a	of which: treasury shares	-	
26b	of which: offset to dividends declared under a dividend reinvestment plan (DRP), to the extent that the dividends are used to purchase new ordinary shares issued by the ADI	-	
26c	of which: deferred fee income	-	
26d	of which: equity investments in financial institutions not reported in rows 18, 19 and 23	-	
26e	of which: deferred tax assets not reported in rows 10, 21 and 25	21.8	(d)
26f	of which: capitalised expenses	1.8	(g)
26g	of which: investments in commercial (non-financial) entities that are deducted under APRA prudential requirements	-	
26h	of which: covered bonds in excess of asset cover in pools	-	
26i	of which: undercapitalisation of a non-consolidated subsidiary	-	
26j	of which: other national specific regulatory adjustments not reported in rows 26a to 26i	-	
27	Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions	-	
28	Total regulatory adjustments to Common Equity Tier 1	23.6	
29	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (CET1)	2,951.1	
	Additional Tier 1 Capital: instruments		
30	Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments	-	
31	of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards	-	
32	of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards	-	
33	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Additional Tier 1	-	
34	Additional Tier 1 instruments (and CET1 instruments not included in row 5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1)	-	
35	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	-	
36	Additional Tier 1 Capital before regulatory adjustments	-	
	Additional Tier 1 Capital: regulatory adjustments		
37	Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	-	
38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments	-	
39	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the ADI does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
40	Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	-	
41	National specific regulatory adjustments (sum of rows 41a, 41b and 41c)	-	
41a	of which: holdings of capital instruments in group members by other group members on behalf of third parties	-	

Table	e 1: Common disclosures – composition of capital (continued)		
		31 December 2022 AUD mln	Source in regulatory capital reconciliation
41b	of which: investments in the capital of financial institutions that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidations not reported in rows 39 and 40	-	
41c	of which: other national specific regulatory adjustments not reported in rows 41a and 41b	-	
42	Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions	-	
43	Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital	-	
44	Additional Tier 1 Capital (AT1)	-	
45	Tier 1 Capital (T1=CET1+AT1)	2,951.1	
	Tier 2 Capital: instruments and provisions		
46	Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments	-	
47	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Tier 2	-	
48	Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or 34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group T2)	-	
49	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	-	
50	Provisions	29.9	(f)
51	Tier 2 Capital before regulatory adjustments	29.9	
	Tier 2 Capital: regulatory adjustments		
52	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments	-	
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments	-	
54	Investments in the Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the ADI does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
55	Significant investments in the Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions	-	
56	National specific regulatory adjustments (sum of rows 56a, 56b and 56c)	-	
56a	of which: holdings of capital instruments in group members by other group members on behalf of third parties	-	
56b	of which: investments in the capital of financial institutions that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation not reported in rows 54 and 55	-	
56c	of which: other national specific regulatory adjustments not reported in rows 56a and 56b	-	
57	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	-	
58	Tier 2 Capital (T2)	29.9	
59	Total Capital (TC=T1+T2)	2,981.0	
60	Total risk-weighted assets based on APRA standards	22,620.0	
	Capital ratios and buffers		
61	Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	13.05%	
62	Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	13.05%	
63	Total capital (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	13.18%	

		31 December 2022 AUD mln	Source in regulatory capital reconciliation
64	Buffer requirement (minimum CET1 requirement of 4.5% plus capital conservation buffer of 2.5% plus any countercyclical buffer requirements expressed as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	7.0%*	
65	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	2.5%*	
66	of which: ADI-specific countercyclical buffer requirements	-	
67	of which: G-SIB buffer requirement (not applicable)	-	
68	Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	6.05%	
	National minima (if different from Basel III)		
69	National Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	n/a	
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	n/a	
71	National total capital minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	n/a	
	Amount below thresholds for deductions (not risk-weighted)		
72	Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial entities	-	
73	Significant investments in the ordinary shares of financial entities	-	
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	-	
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	21.8	(d)
	Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2		
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap)	29.9	(f)
77	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardised approach	n/a	
78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap)	n/a	
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach	n/a	
	Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between 1 Jan 2021 and 1 Jan 2022)		
80	Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	-	
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	-	
32	Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	-	
33	Amount excluded from AT1 instruments due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	-	
84	Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	-	
85	Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	-	

<sup>\*</sup>The capital conservation buffer came into effect from 1 January 2016.

	31 December 2022	30 September 2022
Credit Risk subject to standardised approach	AUD mln	AUD mln
Corporate*	20,933.5	20,751.4
Government	-	-
Bank	349.8	363.7
Residential Mortgage	-	1.3
Other Retail	-	-
Other	10.3	8.9
Total capital requirement subject to standardised approach	21,293.6	21,125.3
Credit risk capital requirement relating to securitisation exposures	-	-
Market risk minimum capital requirement	-	-
Operational risk minimum capital requirement	1,326.4	1,297.3
Total RWA and capital requirement	22,620.0	22,422.6
Capital Ratios (%)		
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Ratio	13.05%	12.74%
Tier 1 Capital Ratio	13.05%	12.74%
Total Capital Ratio	13.18%	12.84%

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Corporate includes corporate and private sector counterparties.

	31 Decemb	or 2022	30 Septemb	or 2022
Exposure Type	Gross credit exposure AUD mln	Average gross credit exposure AUD mln	Gross credit exposure AUD mln	Average gross credit exposure AUD mlr
Cash and liquid assets	1,216.9	1,063.0	909.1	834.3
Trading securities	-	-	-	
Investment securities	2,104.2	2,106.5	2,108.7	2,056.8
Due from other financial institutions	22.9	29.4	35.8	45.7
Loans and advances	17,432.4	17,630.5	17,828.9	17,943.0
Acceptances	-	-	-	
Derivatives*	429.6	510.5	591.3	534.1
Contingent liabilities, commitments, and other off-balance sheet exposures*	3,262.5	2,904.1	2,545.7	2,419.4
Other assets	10.3	9.6	8.9	9.5
Total exposures	24,478.8	24,253.6	24,028.4	23,842.8
Portfolios subject to standardised approach	Gross credit exposure AUD mln	Average gross credit exposure AUD mln	Gross credit exposure AUD mln	Average gross credit exposure AUD mlr
Corporate**	20,840.7	20,725.6	20,610.5	20,568.7
Government	1,920.7	1,923.9	1,927.1	1,811.1
Bank	1,707.1	1,592.6	1,478.1	1,449.7
Residential Mortgage	-	1.9	3.8	3.8
Other retail	-	-	-	
Other	10.3	9.6	8.9	9.5
Total exposures	24,478.8	24,253.6	24,028.4	23,842.8

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Derivatives and off-balance sheet exposures represent the credit equivalent amount of the Bank's off-balance sheet exposures calculated in accordance with APS112.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Note: Corporate includes corporate and private sector counterparties.

Table 4: Credit risk (continued)					
Portfolios subject to standardised approach as at	Impaired Ioans	Past due loans >= 90 days**	Specific provision balance	Charges for specific provision	Write-offs
31 December 2022	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln
Corporate*	49.8	56.6	37.0	7.3	4.6
Government	-	-	-	-	-
Bank	-	-	-	-	-
Residential Mortgage	-	-			
Other retail	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Total	49.8	56.6	37.0	7.3	4.6
Portfolios subject to standardised approach as at	Impaired Ioans	Past due loans >= 90 days**	Specific provision balance	Charges for specific provision	Write-offs
Portfolios subject to standardised approach as at 30 September 2022					<b>Write-offs</b> AUD mln
standardised approach as at	loans	90 days**	balance	specific provision	
standardised approach as at 30 September 2022	loans AUD mln	90 days** AUD mln	<b>balance</b> AUD mln	specific provision  AUD mln	
standardised approach as at 30 September 2022 Corporate*	loans AUD mln	90 days** AUD mln	<b>balance</b> AUD mln	specific provision  AUD mln	
standardised approach as at 30 September 2022  Corporate*  Government	loans AUD mln	90 days** AUD mln	<b>balance</b> AUD mln	specific provision  AUD mln	
standardised approach as at 30 September 2022  Corporate*  Government  Bank	loans AUD mln	90 days** AUD mln	<b>balance</b> AUD mln	specific provision  AUD mln	
standardised approach as at 30 September 2022  Corporate*  Government  Bank  Residential Mortgage	loans AUD mln	90 days** AUD mln	<b>balance</b> AUD mln	specific provision  AUD mln	

Balance	31 December 2022	30 September 2022	
	AUD mln	AUD mln	
General reserve for credit losses ***	29.9	22.9	

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Corporate includes corporate and private sector counterparties.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Note: Past due loans>= 90 days includes impaired loans.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Provisions held against performing exposures that represent unidentified losses from 31 March 2022

No securitisation or resecuritisation activity was undertaken during the 30 September 2022 or 31 December 2022 quarters.

Table 5: Securitisation Exposures							
	31 Decem	ber 2022	30 September 2022				
Table 5: Securitisation Exposures – Underlying	Total Exposures Securitised	Recognised Gain or (Loss) on sale	Total Exposures Securitised	Recognised Gain or (Loss) on sale			
asset type	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln	AUD mln			
Housing loans	-	-	-	-			
Commercial loans	-	-	-	-			
Credit Cards and other Personal Loans	-	-	-	-			
Auto and Equipment Finance	-	-	-	-			
Other	-	-	-	-			
Total	-	-	-	-			

	3	31 December 2022		:	30 September 2022	2
Securitisation Exposure – Securitisation facilit type	On-Balance Sheet Securitisation Retained AUD mln	On-Balance Sheet Securitisation Purchased AUD mln	Off-Balance Sheet Securitisation Exposure AUD mln	On-Balance Sheet Securitisation Retained AUD mln	On-Balance Sheet Securitisation Purchased AUD mln	Off-Balance Sheet Securitisation Exposure AUD mln
Securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liquidity support facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funding facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Warehouse facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lending facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other commitments and credit enhancements	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Underwriting facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-

# Attachment F

The Bank manages its LCR position on a daily basis according to the Board's risk appetite and includes a buffer above the minimum regulatory requirement.

The Bank maintains a diverse mix of liquid assets consisting of cash with the Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA), Australian Semi-Government and Commonwealth Government securities. This composition has remained relatively stable over the last quarter. In addition, the Bank has in place a \$525m Committed Liquidity Facility with Cooperatieve Rabobank U.A. (the Parent) to boost the Bank's access to liquidity, if needed. The LCR net cash outflow (NCO) represents potential cash outflows from on and off balance sheet activities within a 30 day liquidity stress scenario, after applying APRA prescribed run-off factors to maturing debt and deposits, and inflow factors to assets. As part of its overall liquidity management strategy the Bank manages its balance sheet in a manner that aims to manage NCOs within the Board's risk appetite. The Bank's funding is predominately deposits, through retail branch clients or the Rabobank Online Savings channel.

There are very limited foreign currency transactions in the Bank, and interest rate derivatives are used to hedge interest rate risk residing in the Bank.

		31 Decen	nber 2022	30 September 2022			
	Liquid Assets, of which	Total unweighted value (average)* AUD mln	Total weighted value (average)** AUD mln	Total unweighted value (average)* AUD mln	Total weighted value (average)** AUD mlr		
1	High Quality liquid assets (HQLA)		1,954		1,922		
2	Alternative liquid assets (ALA)		-		37		
3	Reserve bank of New Zealand (RBNZ) securities		-		-		
	Cash Outflows						
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	6,138	1,117	5,915	1,087		
5	Stable deposits	1,795	90	1,724	86		
6	Less stable deposits	4,343	1,028	4,191	1,001		
7	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	940	515	1,079	580		
8	Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks for cooperative banks	-	-	-	-		
9	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	940	515	1,079	580		
10	Unsecured debt	-	-	-	-		
1	Secured wholesale funding		-		-		
12	Additional requirements, of which:	5,730	448	5,146	393		
13	Outflows related to derivatives exposures and other collateral requirements	17	17	2	2		
14	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-	-	-		
15	Credit and liquidity facilities	3,467	311	3,275	292		
16	Other contractual funding obligations	-	-	-	-		
17	Other contingents funding obligations	2,247	120	1,869	99		
18	Total cash outflows		2,080		2,060		
	Cash Inflows						
19	Secured lending (e.g reverse repos)	-	-	7	-		
20	Inflows from fully performing exposures	587	553	615	580		
21	Other cash inflows	33	33	21	21		
22	Total cash inflows***	620	586	643	601		
23	Total liquid assets		1,954		1,959		
24	Total net cash outflows		1,494		1,459		
25	Liquidity Coverage ratio (%)		131		135		
	Number of data points used (Business Days)		62		64		

<sup>\*\*</sup>Unweighted values are calculated as outstanding balances maturing or callable within 30 days (for inflows and outflows)

<sup>\*\*</sup>Weighted values is calculated after the application of respective haircuts (for HQLA) or inflow and outflow rates (for inflows and outflows)

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Adjusted values is calculated after the application of both (i) haircuts and inflow and outflow rates and (ii) any applicable caps (i.e cap on HQLA2 and cap on inflows).

The Bank manages its Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) position on a daily basis that includes a buffer above the minimum regulatory requirement and according to the Board's risk appetite.

The NSFR represents the ratio of Available Stable Funding (ASF) against Required Stable Funding (RSF) from on and off balance sheet activities, after applying APRA prescribed ASF factors to maturing debt and deposits, and RSF factors to assets. As part of its overall liquidity management strategy the Bank manages its balance sheet in a manner that aims to manage NSFR within the Board's risk appetite. The Bank's assets mainly consist of lending to Rural clients with average maturity over 1 year, funded predominantly by retail branch clients and Rabobank Online Savings deposits. Funding shortfall is covered by intragroup funding from the Australian Branch of Rabobank. There are very limited foreign currency transactions in the Bank, and interest rate derivatives are used to hedge interest rate risk residing in the Bank.

				December 202	2			Septe	mber 2022		
		Unweighted value by residual maturity					Unweighted value by residual maturity				
Available Stable Funding (ASF) Item		No maturity <	< 6 mths	6 mths to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value		< 6 mths	6 mths to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value
1	Capital	-	-	-	2,975	2,975	-	-	-	2,884	2,884
2	Regulatory capital	-	-	-	2,975	2,975	-	-	-	2,884	2,884
3	Other capital instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers	-	10,660	-	-	9,710	-	10,096	-	-	9,198
5	Stable deposits	-	2,307	-	-	2,191	-	2,244	-	-	2,132
6	Less stable deposits	-	8,356	-	-	7,518	-	7,852	-	-	7,067
7	Wholesale funding	-	2,260	2,490	2,282	4,178	-	2,783	1,321	3,614	4,911
8	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Other wholesale funding	-	2,260	2,490	2,282	4,178	-	2,783	1,321	3,614	4,911
10	Liabilities with matching interdependent assets	-					-				
11	Other liabilities	-	308	-	-	-	-	470	-	-	-
12	NSFR derivative liabilities				235					332	
13	All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	-	73	-	-	-	-	139	-	-	-
14	Total ASF					16,862					16,993
	Required Stable Funding (RSF) Item										
15(a)	Total NSFR (HQLA)					72					72
15(b)	ALA					-					-
15(c)	RBNZ securities					-					-
16	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Performing loans and securities	-	916	996	16,552	14,389	-	765	972	16,992	14,703
18	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions	-	532	-	-	80	-	455	-	-	68

	e 21: NSFR disclosure template			)k202	2			Carret					
		December 2022						September 2022					
		Unweighted value by residual maturity					Unweighted value by residual maturity						
Avai	Available Stable Funding (ASF) Item		< 6 mths	6 mths to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value	No maturity	< 6 mths	6 mths to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value		
20	Performing loans to non-financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and public sector entities (PSEs), of which:	-	328	945	16,009	14,244	-	256	920	16,449	14,570		
21	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under APS 112	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
22	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
23	With a risk weight equal to 35% under APS 112	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
24	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities	-	56	50	542	65	-	55	52	542	65		
25	Assets with matching interdependent liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
26	Other assets:	-	86	-	322	244	-	95	-	474	319		
27	Physical traded commodities, including gold	-				-	-				-		
28	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of central counterparties (CCPs)					-		-					
29	NSFR derivative assets	164 -						250					
30	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted		47					66					
31	All other assets not included in the above categories	-	86	-	110	197	-	95	-	157	253		
32	Off-balance sheet items				6,540	218				4,991	177		
33	Total RSF					14,923					15,272		
34	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					112.99					111.27		